

Multiple-Choice Questions

For questions 1–3, use the map on page 350 of this text to answer the following questions.

1. According to the map, where did Buddhism originate?
 - a. In southern India
 - b. Near the Ganges River in northeastern India
 - c. In China
 - d. Along the Silk Roads
2. According to the map, what may have delayed the spread of Buddhism into Tibet centuries after it spread to other regions?
 - a. The people of Tibet were resistant to Buddhist teachings.
 - b. The Himalayas and Taklamakan Desert were natural barriers to exchanges into Tibet.
 - c. Buddhist monks were not interested in spreading Buddhism into Tibet.
 - d. Political strife between Tibet and India made cultural exchanges impossible.
3. According to the map, why did Buddhism spread in the directions and time frame indicated?
 - a. Buddhism spread in random patterns.
 - b. Buddhism spread along established land and sea exchange routes.
 - c. Buddhism spread as millions of Indians migrated throughout Asia.
 - d. Buddhism spread farther west than it did to the east or south.

Short-Answer Question

4. Answer parts A, B, and C.
 - A. Identify ONE political, social, or economic factor that fostered changes in East Africa in the period 600–1450.
 - B. Briefly explain ONE change in East Africa that resulted from the factor that you indicated in part A.
 - C. Briefly explain ANOTHER change in East Africa that resulted from the factor that you indicated in part A.

Document-Based Question

Directions: Question 5 refers to the following documents. You will likely need to flip back and forth between these documents to answer the question adequately. Use scrap pieces of paper or sticky notes to tab these documents. When answering the question, refer to the “Advice for Responding to a DBQ” on the inside of the back cover.

5. Using the following documents from this textbook and your knowledge of world history, analyze relationships between religion and politics in Afro-Eurasia in the postclassical era (c. 600–c. 1450 C.E.).

DOCUMENT	PAGE	DOCUMENT NAME
1	314	Xuanzang, “On Buddhist Studies”
2	320	Leo Africanus, “The Kingdom of Borno”
3	404	The Battle at Badr
4	408	Charlemagne
5	449–50	Gregory of Tours, <i>History of the Franks</i>
6	452	Charlemagne, <i>Capitulary on Saxony</i>
7	494–95	<i>The Chronicle of Novgorod</i>

Long-Essay Question

When answering the following question, refer to the “Advice for Responding to an LEQ” on the inside of the back cover.

6. In ONE of the following regions, analyze the effects of pastoral groups in the period 600 to 1450.
- Central Asia
 - East Asia
 - Southwest Asia